Tavistock Rural District

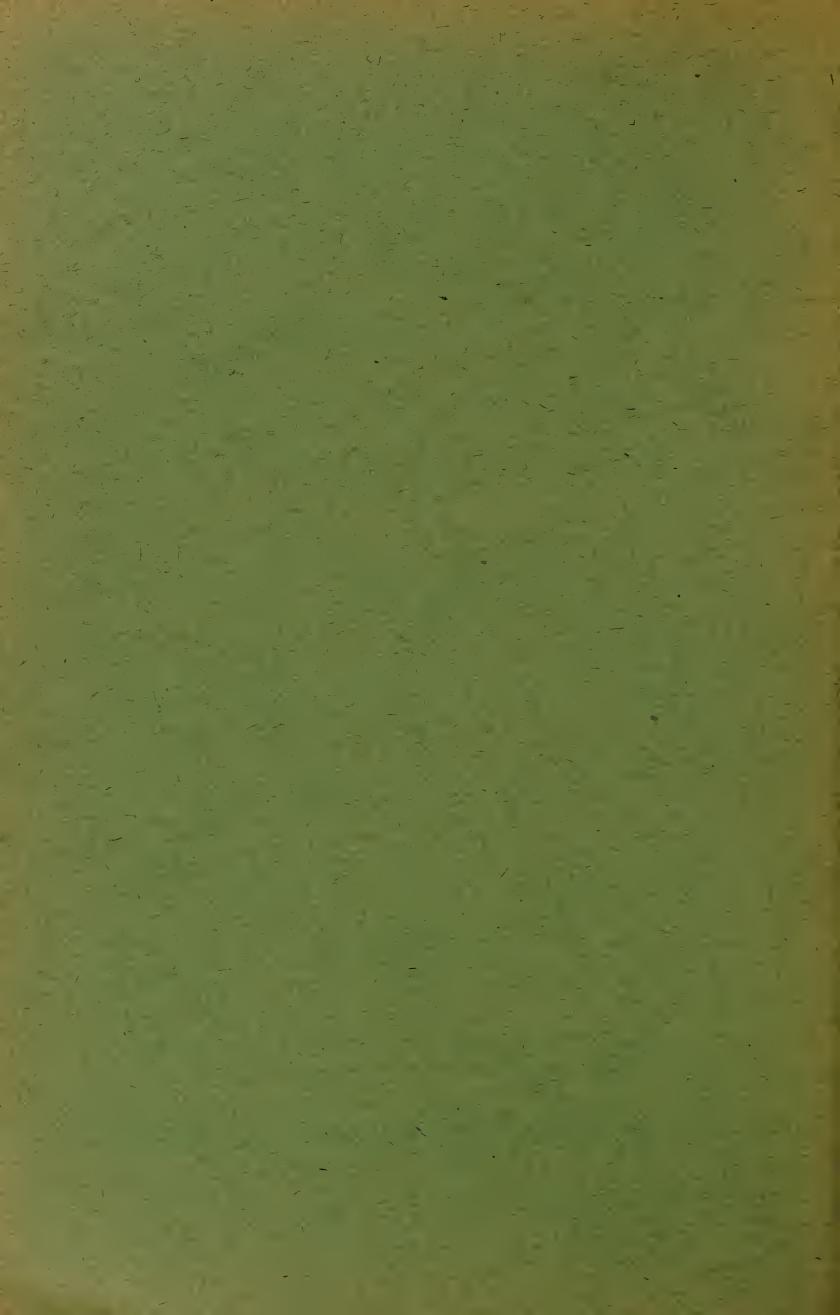
ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

FOR

YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1950



PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF

Medical Officer of Health:

E. D. ALLEN-PRICE, M.D., D.P.H.

Surveyor and Chief Sanitary Inspector:

L. J. SHEPHERD, C.R.S.I., Cert. of Meat and Foods, R.S.I., M.S.I.A.

Additional Sanitary Inspector:

T. PYKE, C.R.S.I., Cert. of Meat and Foods, R.S.I.

Housing and Welfare Officer:

Captain A. SANDERSON, A.I.Hsg., A.P.C.A.

M.O.H's. Secretary:

Miss M. J. BODDY.

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Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

I beg to submit my annual report on the health and sanitary circumstances of your district for the year ended

31st December, 1950.

No major epidemic occurred during the vear but the infectious diseases were somewhat more prevalent and more widely spread than in the previous year. No case of infantile paralysis occurred although the disease was reported from all the contiguous authorities.

The population of the district continues to rise slowly, but it will be seen from the accompanying table that the deaths exceeded the births. The rise therefore is not a natural increase but due rather to migration from the urbanised

area to the south of your area.

There was no change in the external boundary of your district but an important internal adjustment was made by the formation of the civil parish of Horrabridge. Previously Horrabridge was merely a geographical location and consisted of parts of the parishes of Whitchurch, Sampford Spiney, Buckland Monachorum and Walkhampton — an administrative anachronism. The benefit of the change is already evident from the keenness of the members of the newly formed Parish Council, who do not hesitate to call upon the services of your officers in their zeal for progress.

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CIION A.								
	GEN	IERA	L STA	TISTIC	CS			
Area (in acre	es)					15	51,616	
Population —	- Í931	Cens	us	• • •	• • •		15,149	
Estimated Ho	ome F	Popula	ation —	- Mid 1	950		15,630	
Parishes					• • •		24	
Number of I	nhabi	ted H	ouses				4,563	
Rateable Val							96,043	
Product of P	ennv	Rate	• • •				£385	
Loan Debt				• • •	• • •		57,171	
and an and an						220	71,111	
	VI	TAL	STAT	ISTICS	5			
				Male	Fen	iale	Total	
Live Births	• • •		• • •	109	1()9	218	
	• • •			105	10)5		
Illegitimate				A		4		
<u> </u>							England	
			0.0				Wale	S
Crude Birth					on :	13.9	15.8	
Corrected Bi						15.7		
Still Births			• • •	• • •	• • •	3		
Still Birth R	al.							
1,000 live	e and	still	births	• • •	• • • •	13.6	0.3'	7

Deaths	•••	Male 121	Female 117		Total 238 England & Wales
Crude Death Rate pe Corrected Death Rate Deaths from Materna	· · · ·	_	on 15.5 12.5 N il	3	11.6
Maternal Mortality Deaths of Infants und Infant Mortality	der 1 year	•	3	8	0.86 29.8
The chief causes of death	were:—				
Pulmonary Tubercule	osis	• • •	• • •	• • •	13
Other forms of Tube			• • •	• • •	1
Influenza		• • •	• • •		1
				• • •	1
Syphilis (General Pa			• • •		1
	V	,			
GENERAL CAUSES	•				0.0
Cerebral Vascular Di	isease	• • •	• • •	• • •	66
Cancer	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	40
Heart Disease	• • •	• • •		• • •	35
Pneumonia	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	14
Arteriosclerosis	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	9
Bronchitis	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	8
1	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	7
Senility		• • •	• • •	• • •	7
Disease of the Prosta	ate	• • •	* * *	• • •	5
Diabetes	• • • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	3
Asthma	• • • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	2
Gastric Ulcer	• • • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	2
	• • • • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	8
	••	• • •	• • •	• • •	4
Other Causes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	8
INFANTS UNDER 1 YEAR					
Prematurity	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	3
			Total	• • •	238

	- A	GE OF	DEA'	TH TA	BLE		
Age at Death						Male	Female
Infants und	ler 1	year		• • •		3	
1 - 5 years		• • •	• • •	• • •		2	-
5 - 15		• • •	1 • •	• • •	• • •		
15 - 25				• • •			2
25 - 35	• • •					2	1
35 - 45	• • •		• • •			4	6
45 - 55	• • •	• • •				9_{\cdot}	6
55 - 65			• • •	• • •		19	14
65 - 75	• • •	• • •	• • •			30	27
75 and Ove	r	• • •				52	61
						121	117

SECTION B.

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF THE HEALTH SERVICES

There was no change in the health services during the year, and it is regrettable to have to report that no maternity accommodation has yet been provided although the premises are immediately available.

The vicissitudes of the National Health Service appear to be settling and the chief trouble for the future appears to be one of economics. However, it is becoming apparent that having the medical services divided into three watertight compartments is not likely to give the best results and a feeling is becoming general that some integrating machinery is needed.

SECTION C.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

Water Supply

The table at the end of this report sets out in detail the

arrangements on a parochial basis.

The North Devon Water Board has now taken over the duties of water suppliers to the northern parishes of your district, and it will be seen from the accompanying table that many samples for analysis have been taken with generally good results:—

Number of Samples taken by N.D.W.B. Good Fair Bad Bacteriological Examination of Water 83 58 14 11

It is to be hoped that as the Board's mains extend a pure and copious supply of water will be available to all. I would point out here that the Council are still the responsible Authority for the administration of the Public Health and Water Acts in respect of those sections dealing with water,

apart from the Board's actual possessions.

As the year was, on the whole, a wet one, there was no undue alarm and water supplies held out very well generally. Even so, there was cause for alarm in June when the Water Board had to raise water for Brentor by means of the auxiliary pump which was recently installed by the Council, and water had to be carted to the Bere Alston School for the sanitary conveniences, this being the only means open to your Medical Officer to prevent the school being closed.

The temporary well at Woolacombe, which was sunk at the spot recommended by Professor Jones of Cambridge, yielded exceptionally well during the drought period. The result of the analysis was very satisfactory and the supply was har-

nessed and proved of extreme value.

A new reservoir of 20,000 gallons capacity was built at Bere Ferrers between June and October, which should prove a boon during drought periods.

Eight additional hydrants were fixed at Bere Alston to give cover in accordance with the requirements of the N.F.S.

Bursts in the water mains occurred early in the year at Mary Tavy and later at Horrabridge, and were dealt with

speedily and effectively.

A Ministry Inquiry was held at Lamerton on 30th August in connection with the proposed water and sewerage schemes, both of which were subsequently approved by the Minister. It is advocated that all possible measures be taken to implement the schemes as soon as possible.

32 samples of water were taken during the year and in

every instance the result was satisfactory.

Drainage and Sewerage

No new sewage works were commenced during the year but considerable progress was made in schemes for further sewerage, particularly in the villages of Chillaton, Lamerton and Milton Coombe, and plans were submitted to the Ministry.

The proposed new Dousland sewerage scheme, which is really an amalgamation of two residential areas with a common outfall, proceeded and was passed by the Ministry, and has recently been the subject of an Inquiry. It is hoped that work on this scheme will commence in the near future, and not only abolish present nuisance from faulty septic tanks, but in all probability will give rise to future development in this residential area.

The Council's sewage disposal works in the district received regular supervision and maintenance during the year. Maintenance, in this respect, becomes more and more difficult owing to the increasing number of works, especially the smaller ones to the new Council House Estates in the areas where there is no main drainage, and it is inevitable that when the proposed schemes are carried out further manual staff will be imperative.

Under the supervision of your Surveyor a new sewer was laid at Walkhampton which proved very satisfactory and has abated the nuisance from the overflowing manhole in the

village.

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE DISTRICT

It will be seen from the accompanying table of inspections, etc., that the work of the Sanitary Inspectors is very onerous:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
Visits to Council Houses		983
Nuisances investigated and dealt with		426
Water Supplies — new and repaired		131
Visits in connection with water supplies		476
Water samples submitted	• • •	32
Premises disinfected	• • •	18
Premises disinfested	• • •	3
Tests for new and re-laid drains		112
Wigita ma lavildina aliana	• • •	63
	• • •	
Visits re buildings in course of construction	1	397
Number of plans submitted	• • •	195
Visits in connection therewith		202
New septic tank installations	• • •	32
Visits re Petroleum Licences	• • •	10
Visits re Sewerage and Sewage Disposal		296
Visite of Dewerage and Dewage Disposal	• • •	_
Visits re Rodent Control		86
Miscellaneous visits		283

Refuse Collection

This essential service proved to be very controversial and although there were several Sub-Committee meetings to endeavour to carry out the recommendations of your Medical Officer for a direct labour collection, the absence of suitable tips proved a major obstacle and collection continued by contract.

Complaints from areas where there is no collection were

numerous and in some cases very bitter.

It is again very strongly urged that the only way to give satisfaction is by a direct labour collection covering the whole of the District.

Factories Acts, 1937 and 1948

1. Inspections.

			Number of	
Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occu- piers Prose- cuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	11	42	2	Nil
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	40	92	1	Nil
ii) Other Premises	8	16	Nil	Nil
Total	59	150	3	Nil

2. Cases in which Defects were found.

	Nı	Number of cases in which			
Particulars	Found	Reme- died	Refe To H.M. Inspec- tor		prose-
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Want of Cleanliness	6	6			
Overcrowding	_				
Unreasonable Temperature					_
Inadequate Ventilation	5	5			
Ineffective drainage of floors	4	4		_	
Sanitary Conveniences: (a) Insufficient					
(b) Unsuitable or defective	3	3			
(c) Not separate for sexes				***************************************	
TOTAL	18	18	Nil	Nil	Nil

Weather

As a matter of particular interest to farmers the Meteorological Report from the Tavistock Observatory is included. The report applies generally to the district with the exception of the Princetown region which has climatic conditions peculiar to itself.

Height above sea level—457 feet in Stevenson Screen.

Latitude—50.33 N; Longitude—4.10 W.

The total amount of rain was 57.54 ins.

The total number of rainy days was 226.

The average amount of rain is 47.6 ins.

The greatest fall was 42.1 m.m. (1.6 ins.) on 20th August.

		RAINI	FALL FOR 1950		
Month		Total Depth in inches	Greatest fall in 24 hours (m.m.)	Date	Number of Rainy Days
January		1.87	12.5	15th	14
February	• • •	7.04	24.9	2nd	22
March		3.16	14.9	16th	12
April		3.34	16.8	17th	21
May		1.97	13.0	24th	11
June		2.61	23.7	20th	14
July	• • •	5.37	27.3	15th	20
August	• • •	8.54	42.1	$20 \mathrm{th}$	22
September		7.69	27.6	8th	27
October		2.16	9.5	13th	18
November		8.82	34.3	27th	23
December	• • •	4.97	16.2	9th	22
		57.54			226

SECTION D.

HOUSING

The Council resolved that the premises of applicants for new council houses should be inspected by the Sanitary Department in order that advice was available as to the housing conditions of the applicants, and the desirability of preventing future occupation of those premises which were unfit for human habitation. As a result of this several landlords were compelled to carry out extensive repairs whilst 3 separate properties and a block of 7 cottages were represented to the Council under Section 154 of the Housing Act, 1936.

It is hoped by these means to gradually improve the housing standards of the District and also to prevent these unfit properties being re-occupied by people who propose to

use this environment as a delicate lever to obtain a Council house over the heads of people longer on the waiting list.

Repairs to Council houses during the year were extensive and heavy, several of the older Council houses need major repairs. It is gratifying to record that a commencement was made on the wiring of all Council houses without electricity, a much needed want in these modern days.

The temporary dwellings at Crapstone continued to give every satisfaction but, as before, maintenance for the

weather-proofing proved heavy.

Applications for improvement grants were received under the new Housing Act. It is unfortunate that under the provisions of the Act, with every application approved, a burden is added to the local rate.

The prevalence of movable dwellings throughout the district caused grave concern especially as many were used as permanent dwellings owing to the housing shortage and in some cases living conditions were appalling. Consequently the whole of the district was surveyed and a large schedule of moveable dwellings was forwarded to the County Planning Authority with a request that enforcement action for the removal of these dwellings be taken forthwith.

COUNCIL HOUSES — 1951 PROGRAMME

Owing to the comparatively poor progress with the actual erection of houses during 1949, chiefly due to extreme difficulties in the acquisition of sites, the Ministry of Health made no allocation to the Council for either Council houses or those erected by private enterprise. The 8 houses allocated for 1950 were scheduled for Bere Alston.

The structural work for 1950 showed a marked improvement over 1949—in all 40 houses were completed and occupied, namely 20 at Bere Alston, 6 at Peter Tavy, 6 at Walkhampton, 4 at Horrabridge, and 2 each at Princetown and Lydford.

1951 PROGRAMME CARRIED FORWARD FROM 1950

	(1	n course of con-	struct	10n)	
Parish		Village	No. of	House	es Site Number ilt_
			to	be bu	ilt
Bere Ferrers		Bere Ferrers		6	O.S.126
Horrabridge		Horrabridge		6	O.S.206
Mary Tavy	• • •	Mary Tavy		6	O.S.508 & 508a
Meavy		Meavy		4	O.S.129
Walkhampton	• • •	Walkhampton		14	O.S.1174

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REMAINDER OF PROGRAMME CARRIED FORWARD

	Bere Alston		10	O.S.1325
	Coryton		4	O.S.230
			18	O.S.434 & 435
	Chillaton		8	O.S.1002
	Milton Abbot		8	O.S.493
• • •	Stowford	• • •	4	O.S.426
	• • •	 Bere Alston Coryton Lamerton Chillaton Milton Abbot Stowford 	Coryton Lamerton Chillaton Milton Abbot	Coryton 4 Lamerton 18 Chillaton 8 Milton Abbot 8

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COUNCIL HOUSES IN THE TAVISTOCK RURAL DISTRICT, 1950

11111510	CIZ		$.c_1, 1$.000	
Parish		Village	No. of 1	Iouses	Total No. in Parish
Bere Ferrers		Bere Alston		70	m I ul ion
,		Bere Ferrers	• • •	4	74
Bradstone	• • •	_			
Brentor	• • •	Brentor	• • •	14	14
Buckland Monachor	um	Buckland		1./	
		Monacho Yelverton		14 4	18
Coryton		Yelverton	• • •		
Dunterton					
Horrabridge		Horrabridge		42	42
Kelly	• • •	Kelly		2	2
Lamerton	• • •	Lamerton		10	10
Lewtrenchard					
Lifton	• • •	Lifton	• • •	34	34
Lydford	• • •	Lydford	• • •	10	20
TV /		Princetown	• • •	$\frac{20}{4}$	30
Marystowe		Near Lewdown	• • •	4 14	4 14
Mary Tavy Meavy	• • •	Mary Tavy Meavy	• • •	4	4
Milton Abbot	• • •	Chillaton	• • •	8	8
Peter Tavy		Peter Tavy	• • •	14	14
Sampford Spiney	• • •	Sampford Spine		4	4
Sheepstor	• • •		J		
Stowford					***********
Sydenham Damarel	• • •				Warden St.
Tavistock Hamlets					on contained
Thrushelton	• • •	Lobhill	• • •	2	2
Walkhampton /	• • •	Walkhampton	• • •	22	22
Whitchurch	• • •	Grenofen	• • •	8	8
		~			

Grand Total ... 304

SECTION E.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

There were increased visits paid by your Medical Officer and Sanitary Inspectors in connection with the supervision and inspection of foodstuffs. Again particular attention was paid to hygiene and it is pleasing to record that the standard of cleanliness is remarkably good.

Milk

During the year 46 samples of ungraded milk were taken by your Sanitary Inspector and 44 passed the test. Two repeat samples were taken of the two failures and these proved satisfactory.

Ice Cream

42 premises are registered under Section 14 of the Food & Drugs Act, 1938, for the manufacture, sale or storage of ice-cream. The majority of licences issued are for the sale of pre-packed ice-cream, there being only three cases where ice-cream is manufactured on the premises. 16 samples of ice-cream were taken during the year, 13 of which were satisfactory and 3 fair.

Meat

The meat supply continued to come from the Town Abattoir and was duly inspected there.

By permission of the Urban Council the following table of inspections is submitted:—

Carcases Inspected and Condemned

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number killed	1717	1102	2370	7598	516
	1717	1102	2370	7598	516
Number inspected	1/1/	1102	2370	7000	310
All diseases except Tuberculosis Whole carcases condemned	15	73	88	118	7
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	867	664	22	1813	51
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuber- culosis	51.36%	66.88%	4.64%	25.41%	11.22%
Tuberculosis only Whole carcases condemned	11	46	8		5
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	67	199			27
Percentage of the number in- spected affected with Tuber- culosis	4.54%	22.23%	.34%		6.2%

Food Poisoning

One case of food poisoning was notified during the year and attributable to herrings.

Other Foodstuffs

Numerous visits were paid to shops and in view of the increased demand for canned goods, owing to the rationing

difficulties, these were carefully examined but the amount condemned is again surprisingly low as will be seen from the table below. This appears to be due to the stricter supervision and consequent improvement of the actual processing coupled with quicker sales.

3 tins Full Cream Milk	 	5 lbs.
12 tins Evaporated Milk	 	12 lbs.
1 tin Beans	 	2 lbs.
1 tin Fruit	 	2 lbs.
Cheese	 	15 lbs.
Butter (badly tainted)	 	1 lb.
Liquid Egg (tinned, frozen)	 	28 lbs.
English Beef (bone taint)	 	87 lbs.
Pudding Mixture	 	3 lbs.
Shortbread Mixture	 	1 lb.
Potato Powder	 4	6 lbs. 9 ozs.

SECTION F.

PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASE

The following cases of infectious disease were notified by medical practitioners during the year:—

Measles				64
Whooping Cough				21
Scarlet Fever		• • •		5
Pneumonia	• • •	• • •		2
Food Poisoning	• • •		• • •	1
Meningococcal Infection				1

The following cases of infectious disease were notified during the year from the schools in the district:—

Chicken Pox	• • •	• • •			27
Whooping Cough			• • •		25
Measles		• • •		• • •	23
Lice		• • •		• • •	16
Mumps		• • •		• • •	5
Ringworm		• • •	• • •	• • •	4
Scarlet Fever	• • •		• • •	• • •	4
Conjunctivitis	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	3
German Measles		• • •	• • •	• • •	2

Once again the district was fortunate in not being visited by any epidemic of infectious disease. **Diphtheria:** No case of diphtheria was notified during the year. I am still of opinion that immunisation would be more efficiently organised on a local basis, particularly as there is evidence of a falling off in the number of children being treated.

Tuberculosis: Six new cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis and 2 new cases of non-pulmonary tuberculosis were notified during the year. 13 deaths were recorded from the former cause and 1 from the latter.

At the end of the year 91 cases of tuberculosis remained on the register as follows:—

Pulmonar	У		Non-Pulmonary	
Males	• • •	43	Males	8
Females	• • •	38	Females	2

In conclusion I would thank the Chairman and Council for the ready hearing I have received at all times.

I am, Gentlemen,

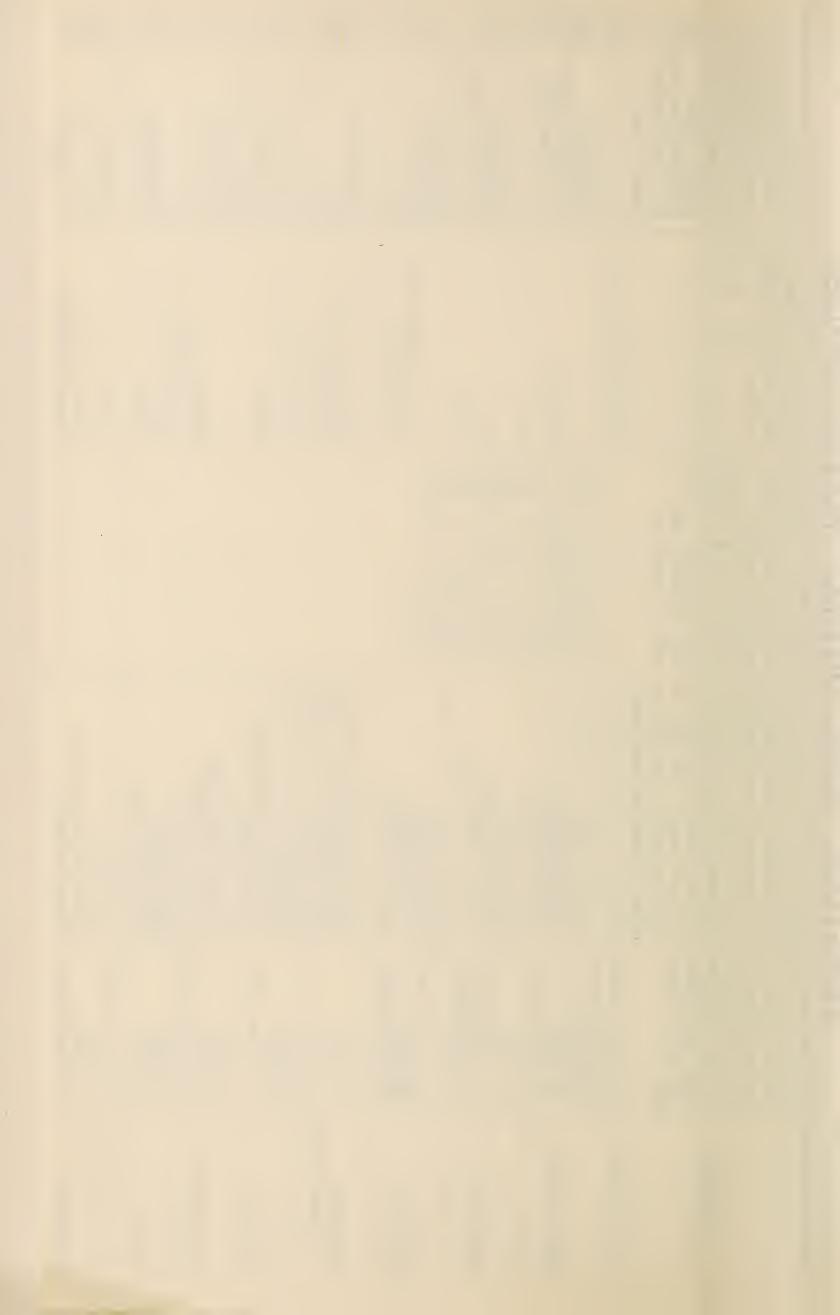
Your obedient Servant,

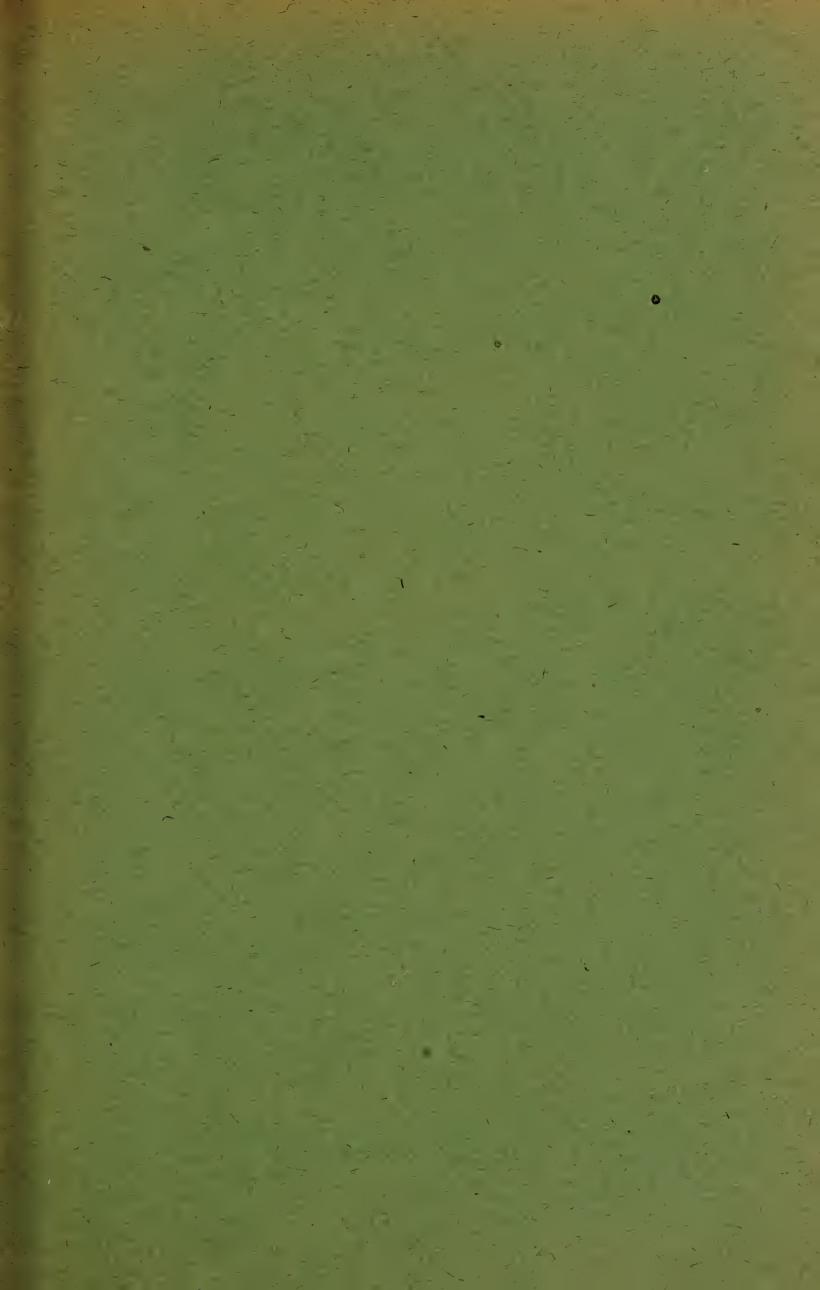
E. D. ALLEN-PRICE,

Medical Officer of Health.

TAVISTOCK RURAL DISTRICT WATER SUPPLIES

PARISH	water supply of the area and its several parts has been satisfac- tory (a) in qual-	Where there is a piped supply, whether bacteriological examinations were made of the raw water and, where treatment is installed, of the water going into supply; if so, how many and the results obtained; the results of any chemical analyses.	liable to have plumbo- solvent action, the facts as to contamina- tion by lead, includ- ing precautions taken and number and re-	any form of contam-	Particulars of the number of dwelling-houses and the number of the population supplied from public water mains — (a) direct to the houses, (b) by means of stand pipes.
BERE FERRERS	Engineer's report re quantity (a) Yes (b) Inadequate	Piped Supply. No Treatment. Analysis Satis.	With regard to this question, all the moorland waters are plumbo-solvent, and many of the well	Routine.	Population 1852 (a) Piped Supply 1100 (b) Stand Pipe 80
BRADSTONE	(a) Yes Wells only (b) Inadequate	No piped supply. Private Wells only.	waters also, how- ever, no case of lead poisoning has been	None.	Population 140 No Public Supply.
BRENTOR	Aux. pump inst'd (a) Yes (b) Inadequate	Piped Supply. No Treatment. Analysis Satis.	reported or discovered for a number of years.	Covered Reservoir and fenced.	Population 478 (a) 170 (b) 48
Buckland Monachorum	(a) Yes (b) Yes	Piped supply. Part T.R.D.C. Part Plymouth C.B. Analyses made by Plymouth.		Fencing covered Reservoirs.	Population 3150 (a) 2654 (b) 40
CORYTON	(a) Yes (b) Reas. good	Wells only. No public piped supply.	77	None.	Population 125
DUNTERTON	(a) Yes (b) No	Private Wells only. No piped supply.	,,	None.	Population 140
KELLY	(a) Yes (b) No	Wells only. No piped supply.	>>	None.	Population 135
Lamerton	(a) Yes (b) Inadequate	Running Shute Wells. Samples Satis.	>>	Much work to improve supply.	Population 597 (a) Nil (b) Pumps 160 Shute
LEW TRENCHARD	(a) Yes (b) Inadequate	No piped supply. Wells only. 1 Public.	77	None.	Population 188
LIFTON	(a) Yes (b) Inadequate	Piped Supply. No Treatment. Sample Satis.	>>	Covered Reservoir and Fencing.	Population 919 (a) 414 (b) Nil
Lydford	(a) Yes (b) Pressure poor	Piped Supply. Limestone Chippings for Lydford Chlorination for Princetown. Samples Satis.	>>	Covered Reservoir and Fencing.	Population: Lydford Forest 1206 (a) 420 (b) 120 Lydford Town 312 (a) 150 (b) 50
MARYSTOWE	(a) Yes (b) Reas. good	No piped supply.	,,	Covered Reservoir.	Population 172
Mary Tavy	(a) Yes (b) Inadequate	Piped Supply. Limestone Chippings Tank. Sample Satis.	. ,,,	None.	Population 707 (a) 270 (b) 160
MEAVY	(a) Yes (b) Yes	Piped Supply. Plymouth C.B. Samples by Plymouth C.B.	"	None.	Population 404 (a) 300 (b) Nil
MILTON ABBOT	(a) Yes (b) Reas. good	Piped supply to Chillaton. Private supply (Duke of Bedford) at Milton Abbot. Sample Satis.	77	Reservoir Fenced and Covered.	Population 724 (a) 380 (b) 150
PETER TAVY	(a) Yes (b) Reas. good	Piped Supply.	, ,,	Reservoir Fenced and Covered.	Population 338 (a) 160 (b) 64
SAMPFORD SPINEY	(a) Yes (b) Yes	Piped Supply. Samples Satis.	,,,	Reservoir Fenced and Covered.	Population 320 (a) 275 (b) Nil
SHEEPSTOR	(a) Yes (b) Inadequate	Wells.	>>	None.	Population 74
STOWFORD	(a) Yes (b) Inadequate	Wells only.	,,,	None.	Population 289
SYDENHAM DAMAREL	(a) Yes (b) Yes	Private supply. (Duke of Bedford). Public Well.	77	None.	Population 205 (a) 70 (b) 70
TAVISTOCK HAMLETS	(a) Yes (b) Inadequate	Wells. and Private Supply. (Duke of Bedford).	,,	None.	Population 838 (a) 444 (b) 126
THRUSHELTON	(a) Yes (b) Yes	Wells only.	"	None.	Population 259
WALKHAMPTON	(a) Yes (b) Yes	Piped Supply. Sample Satis.	***	None.	Population 603 (a) 350 (b) Nil
WHITCHURCH	(a) Yes (b) Yes	Piped supply and wells.	,,,	None.	Population 718 (a) 358 (b) Nil





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